

9.17 BOROUGH OF OGDENSBURG

This section presents the jurisdictional annex for the Borough of Ogdensburg. The annex includes a general overview of the Borough of Ogdensburg; an assessment of the Borough of Ogdensburg's risk, vulnerability, and mitigation capabilities; and a prioritized action plan to implement prior to a disaster to reduce future losses and achieve greater resilience to natural hazards.

9.17.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The following individuals are the Borough of Ogdensburg's identified HMP update primary and alternate points of contact and NFIP Floodplain Administrator.

Table 9.17-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary P	oint of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact			
Name / Title: Richard Kesl	o, Emergency Management	Name / Title: George P. Hutnick, Mayor			
Address: 14 Highland Ave	nue, Ogdensburg, NJ 07439	Address: 14 Highland Avenue, Ogdensburg, NJ 07439			
Phone Number: (201) 400-	9873	Phone Number: (973) 903-1239			
Email: OFDchief251@yah	oo.com	Email: oburgmayor@gmail.com			
NFIP Floodplain Admin	NFIP Floodplain Administrator				
Name / Title: George P. Hu	ıtnick, Mayor				
Address: 14 Highland Ave	nue, Ogdensburg, NJ 07439				
Phone Number: (973) 903-	1239				
Email: oburgmayor@gmai	l.com				
Name	Title	Method of Participation			
Richard Keslo	Emergency Management	Primary point of contact; attended the kickoff meeting			
George P. Hutnick	Mayor	Alternate point of contact, NFIP floodplain administrator			

9.17.2 Jurisdiction Profile

The Borough of Ogdensburg is located in eastern Sussex County. It bordered to the north by Franklin Borough, to the east by Sparta Township and Hardyston Township, and to the south and west by Sparta Township. The Borough has a total area of approximately 2.3 square miles. South Ogdensburg is an unincorporated community located within the Borough. The Wallkill River and its tributaries flow through the Borough. Heaters Pond is large pond that is located along the Borough's eastern border.

According to the U.S. Census, the 2010 population for the Borough of Ogdensburg was 2,410. The estimated 2018 population was 2,314, a 4.0 percent decrease from the 2010 Census. Data from the 2018 U.S. Census American Community Survey indicate that 3.6 percent of the population is 5 years of age or younger and 15.9 percent is 65 years of age or older. Communities must deploy a support system that enables all populations to safely reach shelters or to quickly evacuate a hazard area.

9.17.3 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to understanding a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Table 9.16-2 summarizes recent and expected future development trends, including major



residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development. The figures at the end of this annex illustrate the geographically-delineated hazard areas and the location of potential new development.

Table 9.17-2. Recent and Expected Future Development

Type of Development	20	15	20	16	20)17	20	18	20	19
Numbe	Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP									
	Total	Within SFHA	Total	Within SFHA	Total	Within SFHA	Total	Within SFHA	Total	Within SFHA
Single and Two-Family Units										
Multi-Family										
Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)										
Property or Development Name	Ċ	pe of opment		Inits / ctures	(addand/o	ation dress or block l lot)	_	Hazard e(s)*	Stat	ption / us of opment
R	ecent Ma	jor Develo	pment an	d Infrastr	ructure fr	om 2015 t	o Present			
Add new entries using https://arcg.is/0iSa8X										
Known or Anticipated Major Development and Infrastructure in the Next Five (5) Years										
Add new entries using https://arcg.is/0iSa8X										

^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified. SFHA = Special Flood Hazard Area

9.17.4 Capability Assessment

Section 5 (Capability Assessment) describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. The Borough of Ogdensburg performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. This section summarizes the following findings of the assessment for this jurisdiction:

- An assessment of legal and regulatory capabilities
- Development and permitting capabilities
- An assessment of fiscal capabilities
- An assessment of education and outreach capabilities
- Information on NFIP compliance
- Classification under various community mitigation programs
- The community's adaptive capacity for the impacts of climate change

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into the day-to-day local government operations. As part of this planning effort, planning/policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress in plan integration. Areas with current mitigation integration are summarized below. The Borough of Ogdensburg identified specific integration activities that will be incorporated into municipal procedures; these actions are included in the updated mitigation strategy.



PLANNING, LEGAL AND REGULATORY CAPABILITY

The table below summarizes the legal and regulatory tools that are available to the Borough of Ogdensburg and where hazard mitigation has been integrated.

Table 9.17-3.	Planning, Leg	gal and Regulato	ry Capabilit	y	
		Authority that		been integra	s of the HMP ted into your ances/plans?
	Do you have this? (Yes/No)	enforces (Federal, State, Regional, County, Local)	Is this State Mandated?	If yes- how? Describe in comments.	If no - add Mitigation Action #, if applicable.
Codes, Ordinances, & Requirements					
Building Code	Yes	State & Local	Yes	Yes	-
Comment: State mandated on local level under NJA Adopted 9/3/2019 The Borough is responsible for this code					
Zoning Code	Yes	Local	municipality has a Planning Board	Yes	1
 State permissive on local level. Per State Power to zone, requires all jurisdictions has adopted the land use element and m The Borough is responsible for this code The Ordinance notes the objective to see 	to have current zo aster plan. e in compliance wi	oning and other land de th Chapter 30, Land De	velopment ordin evelopment. er natural and n	ances after the pi	anning board
Subdivisions	Yes	Local	Yes – if municipality has a Planning Board	Yes	-
 P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-47): 40:55E The governing body may by ordinance r the filing of such plats with the county re condition for the issuance of a permit fo or two dwelling-unit buildings shall be e of adjustment shall substitute for that of or site plan pursuant to subsection 63b. commissioners of any county having a c county by said county planning board a set forth and limited hereinafter in this The Borough is responsible for this code 	equire approval of ecording officer an r any development exempt from such s the planning boar of this act. Dictate ounty planning boand for the approva section.	f subdivision plats by read approval of site plans, except that subdivision ite plan review and apped whenever the board of the Municipal Land shall provide for the loft those subdivisions.	solution of the p s by resolution on n or individual lo proval; provided f adjustment has nd Use Law. NJ ne review of all s	lanning board as f the planning boot applications fo that the resolution over Statute 40:27-6.2 ubdivisions of lan	a condition for ard as a r detached one on of the board r a subdivision the board of ad within the
Stormwater Management	Yes	Local	Yes	Yes	-
Comment: See Title 7 of the NJ Administrative Cod The DPW is responsible for this ordinar		with Chapter 502 – Dra	iinage, Septembe	er 15, 2006.	
Post-Disaster Recovery	No	-	No	-	-
Comment:		1			
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	State, Division of	Yes	Yes	-
Comment: N.J.A.C. 13:45A-29.1 - Before signing a (POS) approved by the New Jersey Real Estate Corimprovements, fees for services and amenities, the tand police, as well as any hazards, risks or nuisance	nmission. The POS type of title and ow	S provides information s enership interest being o	such as estimated offered, its proxi	d completion date	es for
Growth Management	No	-	Yes – if municipality has a	-	-



		Authority that		been integra	ts of the HMP ated into your ances/plans?	
	Do you have this? (Yes/No)	enforces (Federal, State, Regional, County, Local)	Is this State Mandated? Planning	If yes- how? Describe in comments.	If no - add Mitigation Action #, if applicable.	
			Board			
Comment: State Mandated on a municipal level. See Zoning Ordinance; Also - Plan Endorsement Process via the State Development & Redevelopment Plan provides for the delineation of Growth Areas and Environs; Use of the endorsed plans in the implementation of state environmental regulations makes the Plan Endorsement process a growth management strategy.						
Site Plan Review	Yes	County & Local	Yes – if municipality has a Planning Board	Yes	-	
Comment: Dictated by the Municipal Land Use Law which sets forth minimum requirements for plans, etc., timeframes for development review. NJ Statute 40:27-6.2: The board of commissioners of any county having a county planning board shall provide for the review of all subdivisions of land within the county by said county planning board and for the approval of those subdivisions affecting county road or drainage facilities as set forth and limited hereinafter in this section. 40:27-6.10 In order that county planning boards shall have a complete file of the planning and zoning ordinances of all municipalities in the county, each municipal clerk shall file with the county planning board a copy of the planning and zoning ordinances of the municipality in effect on the effective date of this act and shall notify the county planning board of the introduction of any revision or amendment of such an ordinance which affects lands adjoining county roads or other county lands, or lands lying within 200 feet of a municipal boundary, or proposed facilities or public lands shown on the county master plan or official county map. Such notice shall be given to the county planning board at least 10 days prior to the public hearing thereon by personal delivery or by certified mail of						
a copy of the official notice of the public Environmental Protection	Yes	Local	No	Yes	-	
Comment: • The Borough is responsible for this code • The Ordinance notes the objective to pro-	_			<i>'</i> 1.		
Flood Damage Prevention	Yes	Local	Yes	Yes	2021- Ogdensburg- 004	
Comment: • The NJ State Law Flood Area Control Act (N.J.S.A. 58:16A-52) and the National Flood Control Act of 1968 (NFIP) are state and federal acts to support minimization of flood losses. They do not require local adoption but as enforced by the NJDEP, the floodplain ordinances of each municipality must be reviewed for compliance with these regulations. In addition, participation in the NFIP requires a floodplain ordinance. Regulations for the Flood Control Hazards Act were adopted in 2007 and amended effective June 20, 2016. • The Engineering Department is responsible for Chapter 20 Flood Damage Prevention. • The Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance lacks the state mandated freeboard requirement.						
Wellhead Protection	No	-	No	-	-	
Comment:						
Emergency Management	Yes	Local	No	Yes	-	
 Comment: Chapter 3 Police Regulations discusses the role of the Police Department in the Borough. Chapter 13 Fire Prevention and Protection notes the role of the Ogdensburg Fire Department in fire prevention activities. 						
Climate Change	No	-	No	-	-	
Comment:						
Disaster Recovery Ordinance	No	-	No	-	-	
Comment:						
Disaster Reconstruction Ordinance	No	-	No	-	-	
Comment:		•				
Other:	No	-	No	-	-	
Comment:						
Planning Documents						



		Authority that		been integra	ts of the HMP ated into your ances/plans?
	Do you have this? (Yes/No)	enforces (Federal, State, Regional, County, Local)	Is this State Mandated?	If yes- how? Describe in comments.	If no - add Mitigation Action #, if applicable.
Comprehensive / Master Plan	Yes	Local	Yes	Yes	-

Comment:

• 2018 Revised NJ Statute 40:27-2; the county planning board shall make and adopt a master plan for the physical development of the county. The master plan of a county, with the accompanying maps, plats, charts, and descriptive and explanatory matter, shall show the county planning board's recommendations for the development of the territory covered by the plan, and may include, among other things, the general location, character, and extent of streets or roads, viaducts, bridges, waterway and waterfront developments, parkways, playgrounds, forests, reservations, parks, airports, and other public ways, grounds, places and spaces; the general location and extent of forests, agricultural areas, and open-development areas for purposes of conservation, food and water supply, sanitary and drainage facilities, or the protection of urban development, and such other features as may be important to the development of the county. The county planning board shall encourage the co-operation of the local municipalities within the county in any matters whatsoever which may concern the integrity of the county master plan and to advise the board of chosen commissioners with respect to the formulation of development programs and budgets for capital expenditures. Per State of NJ Municipal Land Use Law (MLUL) L. 1975, s. 2, eff Aug 1, 1976 40:55D-28 provides the required components of a municipal Master Plan and requires that each municipality prepare a master plan and update it every 6 years. Further, all zoning ordinances must be consistent with the Master Plan or will not be benefitted from a presumption of validity.

The Borough Council is responsible for this plan, which was adopted in December 2008. **Capital Improvement Plan** No Comment: Disaster Debris Management Plan Yes/No Yes/No No Yes/No Yes/No Comment: Floodplain or Watershed Plan Yes Local No Yes Comment: The Borough Council is responsible for this plan. The Borough has identified flood areas mapped. Stormwater Management Plan Yes Local Yes Yes/No Yes/No

Comment:

• The Stormwater Management rules (N.J.A.C. 7:8) rules were published in the February 2, 2004 NJ Register. These rules set forth the required components of regional and municipal stormwater management plans and establish the stormwater management design and performance standards for new (proposed) development. The design and performance standards for new development include groundwater recharge, runoff quantity controls, and runoff quality controls. The rules emphasize, as a primary consideration, the use of nonstructural stormwater management techniques including minimizing disturbance, minimizing impervious surfaces, minimizing the use of stormwater pipes, preserving natural drainage features, etc. The rules also set forth requirements for groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quantity control, stormwater runoff quality control, and the prohibition of major development to be located within or to discharge runoff from the major development into a 300-foot riparian zone without prior authorization from the Department under the Flood Hazard Area Control Act Rules, N.J.A.C. 7:13.

The Borough Council is responsible for this plan in compliance with Stormwater Management Plan, November 2007.

Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan Yes/No If yes, who enforces? Yes Yes/No Yes/No

Comment:

• The Phase II New Jersey Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Stormwater Regulation Program (NJPDES) rules (N.J.A.C. 7:14A) were published in the February 2, 2004, NJ Register. These NJPDES rules are intended to address and reduce pollutants associated with existing stormwater runoff. The NJPDES rules establish a regulatory program for existing stormwater discharges as required under the Federal Clean Water Act. These NJPDES rules govern the issuance of permits to entities that own or operate small municipal separate storm sewer systems, known as MS4s. Under this program, permits must be secured by municipalities, certain public complexes such as universities and hospitals, and State, interstate and federal agencies that operate or maintain highways. The permit program establishes the Statewide Basic Requirements that must be implemented to reduce nonpoint source pollutant loads from these sources. The Statewide Basic Requirements include measures such as: the adoption of ordinances (litter control, pet waste, wildlife feeding, proper waste disposal, etc.); the development of a municipal stormwater management plan and implementing ordinance(s); requiring certain maintenance activities (such as street sweeping and catch basin cleaning); implementing solids and floatables control; locating discharge points and stenciling catch basins; and a public education component.

Urban Water Management Plan	Yes/No	Yes/No	No	Yes/No	Yes/No
Comment:					
Habitat Conservation Plan	Yes/No	Yes/No	No	Yes/No	Yes/No
Comment:					



		Authority that		Have aspects of the HMP been integrated into your codes/ordinances/plans?		
	Do you have this? (Yes/No)	enforces (Federal, State, Regional, County, Local)	Is this State Mandated?	If yes- how? Describe in comments.	If no - add Mitigation Action #, if applicable.	
Economic Development Plan	No	-	No	-	-	
Comment:						
Shoreline Management Plan	Yes/No	If yes, who enforces?	Yes – if located in a coastal zone	Yes/No	Yes/No	
Comment: NJ Coastal Area Facility Review Act (N. including construction, relocation, and e structures, and site preparation. This la	enlargement of bui w is implemented	ldings or structures, an through NJ's Coastal Z	d excavation, gr	ading, shore prot	ection	
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	Yes/No	Yes/No	No	Yes/No	Yes/No	
Comment:						
Community Forest Management Plan	Yes/No	Yes/No	No	Yes/No	Yes/No	
Comment:						
Transportation Plan	No	-	No	-	-	
Comment:						
Agriculture Plan	Yes/No	Yes/No	No	Yes/No	Yes/No	
Comment:						
Climate Action Plan	Yes/No	Yes/No	No	Yes/No	Yes/No	
Comment:						
Tourism Plan	Yes/No	Yes/No	No	Yes/No	Yes/No	
Comment:						
Business Development Plan	Yes/No	Yes/No	No	Yes/No	Yes/No	
Comment:						
Other: Open Space Plan	Yes	Local	No	Yes	-	
Comment: • The Borough Council is responsible for	this plan in compl	iance with the Master F	lan.			
Response/Recovery Planning Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	Yes	Local	Yes	Yes	_	
(CEMP) / Emergency Operations Plan (EOP) Comment: • Each county and municipality in the State necessary to implement the plan. Each Emergency Planning Guidelines have be subsequent scheduled review of the State • The Borough Council is responsible for	e shall prepare a mergency Operate en adopted by the Emergency Oper	l written Emergency Ope ions Plan shall be adop State Office of Emerge ations Plan. L.1989, c.2	rations Plan wit ted no later than ncy Managemen 222, s.19.	h all appropriate one year after th t and shall be evo	e State aluated at such	
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment (THIRA)	Yes/No	Yes/No	No	Yes/No	Yes/No	
Comment:		•				
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	-	No	-	-	
Comment:		L		1		
Continuity of Operations Plan	Yes/No	Yes/No	No	Yes/No	Yes/No	
Comment:		<u> </u>				
Public Health Plan	Yes/No	Yes/No	No	Yes/No	Yes/No	
	_ 00, 110	1 20,1,0	2.10	- 55/110		



	Authority that			Have aspects of the HMP been integrated into your codes/ordinances/plans?		
	Do you have this? (Yes/No)	enforces (Federal, State, Regional, County, Local)	Is this State Mandated?	If yes- how? Describe in comments.	If no - add Mitigation Action #, if applicable.	
Other: Strategic Recovery Planning Report	Yes	Local	No	Yes	-	
Comment: • The Borough Council is responsible for this report in compliance with Strategic Growth Plan, February 2005.						

Table 9.17-4. Development and Permitting Capability

Criterion	Response
Does your jurisdiction issue development permits? - If no, who does? If yes, which department?	Yes/No
Does your jurisdiction have the ability to track permits by hazard area?	Yes/No
Does your jurisdiction have a buildable lands inventory? -If yes, please describe brieflyIf no, please quantitatively describe the level of buildout in the jurisdiction.	Yes/No

ADMINISTRATIVE AND TECHNICAL CAPABILITY

The table below summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to the Borough of Ogdensburg.

Table 9.17-5. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Staff/Personnel Resource	Available?	Department/Agency/Position
Administrative Capability		
Planning Board	Yes	Land Use Board
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	-
Environmental Board / Commission	No	-
Open Space Board / Committee	No	-
Economic Development Commission / Committee	No	-
Warning Systems / Services (reverse 911, outdoor warning signals)	Yes/No	
Maintenance program to reduce risk	Yes	What departments?
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	What departments?
Technical/Staffing Capability		
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Borough Engineer
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	No	-
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Borough Engineer
Staff with training in benefit/cost analysis	Yes	Borough Engineer
Staff with training in green infrastructure	Yes/No	
Staff with education/knowledge/training in low impact development	Yes/No	
Surveyor	Yes	Contracted
Stormwater engineer	Yes/No	
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS applications	Yes	Borough Engineer
Local or state water quality professional	Yes/No	



Staff/Personnel Resource	Available?	Department/Agency/Position
Scientist familiar with natural hazards in local area	No	-
Emergency manager	Yes	??
Watershed planner	Yes/No	
Environmental specialist	Yes/No	
Grant writers	Yes	Borough Engineer
Resilience Officer	Yes/No	
Other: NFIP Floodplain Administrator	Yes	Borough Engineer
Other: Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	Yes	Borough Engineer

FISCAL CAPABILITY

The table below summarizes financial resources available to the Borough of Ogdensburg.

Table 9.17-6. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resource	Accessible or Eligible to Use?
Community Development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes
Capital Improvements Project Funding	Yes
Authority to Levy Taxes for Specific Purposes	Yes
User Fees for Water, Sewer, Gas or Electric Service	Yes
Incur Debt through General Obligation Bonds	Yes
Incur Debt through Special Tax Bonds	No
Incur Debt through Private Activity Bonds	No
Withhold Public Expenditures in Hazard-Prone Areas	No
State-Sponsored Grant Programs	Yes
Development Impact Fees for Homebuyers or Developers	Yes
Clean Water Act 319 Grants (Nonpoint Source Pollution)	Yes/No
Other: Open Space Acquisition Funding Programs	Yes

EDUCATION AND OUTREACH CAPABILITY

The table below summarizes the education and outreach resources available to the Borough of Ogdensburg.

Table 9.17-7. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Criterion	Response
Do you have a public information officer or communications office?	Yes/No
Do you have personnel skilled or trained in website development?	Yes/No
Do you have hazard mitigation information available on your website? -If yes, briefly describe.	Yes/No
Do you use social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach? -If yes, briefly describe.	Yes/No
Do you have any citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation? -If yes, briefly describe.	Yes/No
Do you have any other programs already in place that could be used to communicate hazard-related information? If yes, briefly describe.	Yes/No



COMMUNITY CLASSIFICATIONS

The table below summarizes the classifications for community programs available to the Borough of Ogdensburg.

Table 9.17-8. Community Classifications

Program	Participating?	Classification	Date Classified
Community Rating System	No	-	-
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	TBD		
Public Protection (Fire ISO Protection Class)	TBD		
Storm Ready Certification	No	-	-
Firewise Community Classification	No	-	-
Sustainable Jersey	No	-	-

NP = Not participating.

ADAPTIVE CAPACITY

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2014). In other words, it describes a jurisdiction's current ability to adjust to, protect from, or withstand a hazard event. This term is often discussed in reference to climate change; however, adaptive capacity also includes an understanding of local capacity for adapting to current and future risks and changing conditions. The table below summarizes the adaptive capacity for each hazard and the jurisdiction's rating.

Table 9.17-9. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity (Capabilities) - Strong/Moderate/Weak
Dam Failure	Moderate
Disease Outbreak	Moderate
Drought	Moderate
Earthquake	Moderate
Flood	Moderate
Geologic	Moderate
Hazardous Materials	Moderate
Hurricane and Tropical Storm	Moderate
Invasive Species	Moderate
Nor'Easter	Moderate
Severe Weather	Moderate
Severe Winter Weather	Weak
Wildfire	Moderate

Notes:

Strong = Capacity exists and is in use; Moderate = Capacity may exist, but is not used or could use some improvement; Weak = Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement; Unsure = Not enough information is known to assign a rating.

• Does the municipality have access to resources to determine the possible impacts of climate change upon the municipality? Yes/No – if yes, describe briefly



- Is the administrative supportive of integrating climate change in policies or actions? Yes/No if yes, describe briefly
- Is climate change already being integrated into current policies/plans or actions (projects/monitoring) within the municipality? Yes/No if yes, describe briefly

NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain.

Table 9.17-10. National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

Criterion	Response
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	Engineer
Who is your floodplain administrator? (name, department/position)	Eugene Buczynski, P.E., Engineer
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	???
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	???
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? -If exceeds, in what ways?	The program exceeds minimum requirements.
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit or Community Assistance Contact?	???
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? -If so, state what they are.	No
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? If so, state what they are.	???
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? -If no, state why.	???
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? - If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	The FPA would consider attending continuing education and/or certification training on floodplain management if it were offered and if authorized by the Borough's governing body. The FPA indicated that the Borough's Emergency Management Coordinator and DPW Supervisor would possible attend the training as well.
Does your jurisdiction participate in the Community Rating System (CRS)? -If yes, is your jurisdiction interested in improving its CRS Classification? -If no, is your jurisdiction interested in joining the CRS program?	No
How many flood insurance policies are in force in your jurisdiction?* -What is the insurance in force? -What is the premium in force?	11 policies \$3,719,000 insurance in force \$8,879 premium in force
How many total loss claims have been filed in your jurisdiction?* -How many claims are still open or were closed without payment? -What were the total payments for losses?	9 claims \$49,122 in payments
Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding?	Yes
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation?	???

*According to FEMA statistics as of October 13, 2020

Source: FEMA 2020





ADDITIONAL AREAS OF EXISTING INTEGRATION

 Placeholder for areas of additional integration regarding committees/departments that tie to mitigation capability. Bulleted list.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR FUTURE INTEGRATION

• **Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance:** The Borough will update the Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance to include freeboard (2021-Ogdensburg-004).

9.17.5 Hazard Event History Specific to the Jurisdiction

Sussex County has a history of hazard events, as detailed in Section 4 (Risk Assessment) of this plan. A summary of historical events is provided in each of the hazard profiles in Section 4.3 (Hazards of Concern) and includes a chronology of events that affected Sussex County and its jurisdictions. The Borough of Ogdensburg's history of federally-declared (as presented by FEMA) and significant hazard events (as presented in NOAA-NCEI) is consistent with that of Sussex County. Table 9.16-11 provides details regarding municipal-specific loss and damages the jurisdiction experienced during hazard events. Information provided in the table below is based on reference material or local sources.

Table 9.17-11. Hazard Event History

Date(s) of Event	Event Type (disaster declaration if applicable)	Sussex County Designated?	Summary of Event	Summary of Local Damages and Losses
January 22, 2016 - January 24, 2016	DR-4264: Severe Winter Storm and Snowstorm	Yes	A major nor'easter, produced record snowfall and blizzard conditions in parts of New Jersey on January 23 rd and 24th.	???
January 20, 2020 and continuing	EM-3451, DR- 4488: COVID- 19 Pandemic	Yes	The coronavirus pandemic resulted in the need for shutdowns and social distancing and mask requirements.	???
	Isaias??			???

Source: FEMA 2020, NOAA NCEI 2020

9.17.6 Jurisdiction-Specific Vulnerabilities and Hazard Ranking

The hazard profiles in Section 4 (Risk Assessment) provide detailed information regarding each plan participant's vulnerability to the identified hazards. Refer to Section 4.2 (Methodology and Tools) and Section 4.4 (Hazard Ranking) for a detailed summary for the Borough of Ogdensburg risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking discussed later in this section.

HAZARD AREA EXTENT AND LOCATION

Hazard area extent and location maps were generated for the Borough of Ogdensburg that illustrate the probable areas impacted within the municipality. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan and are adequate for planning purposes. Maps have been generated only for those hazards that can be clearly identified using mapping techniques and technologies and for which the Borough of Ogdensburg has significant exposure.

REPETITIVE FLOOD LOSSES





The following summarizes the repetitive and severe repetitive flood losses in the Borough of Ogdensburg.

- Number of repetitive loss (RL) properties: 2
- Number of severe repetitive loss (SRL) properties: 0
- Number of RL/SRL properties that have been mitigated: 0

Source: FEMA 2019

Note: The number of SRL properties excludes RL properties.

CRITICAL FACILITIES AND LIFELINES

The table below identifies critical facilities and lifelines in the community located in the 1-percent and 0.2-percent floodplain.

Table 9.17-12. Critical Facilities and Lifelines Flood Exposure

		Expo	sure
Name	Туре	1% Event	0.2% Event
	None identified		

Source: Sussex County Planning Partnership 2020

IDENTIFIED ISSUES AND PROBLEM AREAS

The jurisdiction has identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

- The Borough has two repetitive loss properties.
- Ogdensburg Public School requires backup power.
- Ogdensburg Fire House requires backup power.
- The Borough's Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance lacks the state mandated freeboard requirement.

HAZARD RANKING

This section summarizes the jurisdiction's primary hazards of concern based on identified problems, impacts and the results of the risk assessment as presented in Section 4 (Risk Assessment). The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard; its potential impacts on people, property, and the economy; community capability and changing future climate conditions. This input supports the development of mitigation actions, targeting those hazards with the highest level of concern.

As discussed in Section 4.4 (Hazard Ranking), each plan participant may have differing degrees of risk exposure and vulnerability compared to Sussex County as a whole. Therefore, the Borough of Ogdensburg ranked each hazard's degree of risk as it pertains to their community factoring in their capabilities to withstand impacts and rebound after the event. The table below summarizes the hazard rankings of potential hazards for the Borough of Ogdensburg. The Borough of Ogdensburg has reviewed the Sussex County hazard ranking table and has provided input to its individual results to reflect the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community. During the review of the hazard ranking, the Borough of Ogdensburg agreed with the calculated hazard rankings.

Table 9.17-13. Borough of Ogdensburg Hazard Ranking

Dam Failure	Disease Outbreak	Drought	Earthquake	Flood	Geologic
Medium	Medium	Medium	Low	Medium	Low



Hazardous Materials	Hurricane and Tropical Storm	Invasive Species	Nor'Easter	Severe Weather	Severe Winter Weather	Wildfire
Medium	High	Medium	High	High	High	Low

9.17.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and provides action prioritization.

PAST MITIGATION INITIATIVE STATUS

The following table summarizes the jurisdiction's progress on their mitigation strategy identified in the 2016 HMP. Actions that are carried forward as part of this plan update are included in Table 9.16-15 and Table 9.16-16 with prioritization. Previous actions that are now on-going programs and capabilities are indicated as such in the following table and can also be found under 'Capability Assessment' presented previously in this annex.

Table 9.17-14. Status of Previous HMP Mitigation Actions

			Status (In Progress, No	Include in the 2021 HMP Update?					
2016 Action	Number Action Description	Responsible Party	Progress, Ongoing Capability, or Completed)	Check if Yes	Enter 2021 HMP Action #				
Ogdensburg- 1 (old #4)	Implement the engineering study conducted on Heaters Pond – armor the dam on the pond and stabilize the bank of Heaters Pond.	Engineering, Borough administration							
Ogdensburg- 2 (new)	Upgrade the emergency warning system in the Borough, including additional fire sirens.	Fire Department, OEM							
Ogdensburg- 3 (new)	Implement Reverse 911 system for the Borough	OEM, Township Administration							
Ogdensburg- 4 (new)	Implement a debris clearing program of the Wallkill River and Saw Mill Brook	Engineering and DPW, working with contractors and local utilities							
Ogdensburg- 5 (old #9)	Continue to enhance and develop the Borough's public outreach and education programs for hazard mitigation and preparedness.	Elected Official's Office							
Ogdensburg- 6 (revised old #3)	Ensure continuity of operations at critical facilities. At this time the following is identified: purchase and install backup generators at the following critical facilities: • First Aid Squad • Meadow Road pump station • Fire Department	Engineering, OEM	In Progress	X	2021- Ogdensburg- 001, 2021- Ogdensburg- 002				



2016 Action Number Action Description			Status (In Progress, No		the 2021 HMP date?
		Responsible Party	Progress, Ongoing Capability, or Completed)	Check if Yes	Enter 2021 HMP Action #
Ogdensburg- 7	Stream bank stabilization (vegetation addition) on Middle Sawmill Brook from RR tracks to Route 517.	Engineering, Borough Administration			
Ogdensburg- 8 (revised old #1)	Support the mitigation of vulnerable structures via retrofit (e.g. elevation, flood-proofing) or acquisition/relocation to protect structures from future damage, with repetitive loss and severe repetitive loss properties as a priority when applicable. Phase 1: Identify appropriate candidates and determine most cost-effective mitigation option. Phase 2: Work with the property owners to implement selected action based on available funding and local match availability.	Engineering via NFIP FPA with NJOEM, FEMA support	In Progress	X	2021- Ogdensburg- 003

In addition to the above progress, the Borough of Ogdensburg identified the following mitigation projects/activities that were completed but not identified in the 2016 HMP mitigation strategy:

List any other mitigation projects you completed that were not identified in the 2016 plan

PROPOSED HAZARD MITIGATION INITIATIVES FOR THE PLAN UPDATE

The Borough of Ogdensburg participated in a risk assessment workshop in October 2020 in which detailed information was provided about assets exposed and vulnerable to the identified hazards of concern. The Borough of Ogdensburg participated in a mitigation action workshop in November 2020 and was provided a Mitigation Toolbox that included a mitigation catalog developed specifically for Sussex County and its hazards of concerns; challenges and opportunities identified during the capability and risk assessments; mitigation funding sources, and the following FEMA publications to use as a resource as part of their comprehensive review of all possible activities and mitigation measures to address their hazards: FEMA 551 Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures (March 2007) and FEMA Mitigation Ideas – A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards (January 2013). Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) and Appendix F (Mitigation Strategy Supplement) provide a more complete description of the Mitigation Toolbox and its resources.

Table 9.16-15 summarizes the comprehensive-range of specific mitigation initiatives the Borough of Ogdensburg would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. Initiatives are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and can be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in municipal priorities. Both the four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table below to further demonstrate the wide-range of activities and mitigation measures selected.



As discussed in Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy), 14 evaluation/prioritization criteria are used to complete the prioritization of mitigation initiatives. For each new mitigation action, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the 14 evaluation criteria to assist with prioritizing actions as *High*, *Medium*, or *Low*. The table below summarizes the evaluation of each mitigation initiative, listed by action number.

Table 9.16-16 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation initiatives for this HMP update.





Table 9.17-15. Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives

Initiative Number	Mitigation Initiative Name	Description of the Problem and Solution	New or Existing Assets?	Hazard(s) to be Mitigated	Goals Met	Lead and Support Agencies	Potential Funding Sources	Estimated Benefits	Estimated Cost	Timeline	Priority	Mitigation Category	CRS Category
2021- Ogdensbu rg-001	Ogdensburg Public School Backup Power	Problem: Backup power sources are necessary to maintain critical services for critical facilities. The Ogdensburg Public School (100 Main St, Ogdensburg, NJ 07439) requires a backup power source. The school is a K-8 school and would serve as a shelter in place shelter during a sudden hazard event. Solution: The Engineer will research what size generator is needed to power the Ogdensburg Public School. The Borough will then purchase and install the selected generator and necessary electrical components to supply backup power to the Ogdensburg Public School.	Existing	Severe Weather, Severe Winter Weather, Hurricane, Nor'Easter	1	Engineer, School District, OEM	FEMA HMGP and BRIC, USDA Communit y Facilities Grant Program, Emergency Manageme nt Performanc e Grants (EMPG) Program, Municipal Budget	Ensure s continu ity of operati ons of Ogden sburg Fire House	\$50,0 00	Wi thi n 5 ye ars	Hig h	SIP	ES
2021- Ogdensbu rg-002	Ogdensburg Fire House Backup Power	Problem: Backup power sources are necessary to maintain critical services for critical facilities. The Ogdensburg Fire Department (718 Ford St, Ogdensburg, NY 13669) requires a backup power source. Solution: The Engineer will research what size generator is needed to power the Ogdensburg Fire House. The Borough will then purchase and install the selected generator and necessary electrical components to supply backup power to the Ogdensburg Fire House.	Existing	Severe Weather, Severe Winter Weather, Hurricane, Nor'Easter	1	Engineer, Fire Department , OEM	FEMA HMGP and BRIC, USDA Communit y Facilities Grant Program, Emergency Manageme nt Performanc e Grants (EMPG) Program, Assistance to Firefighters Grant Program, Municipal Budget	Ensure s continu ity of operati ons of Ogden sburg Fire House	\$50,0 00	Wi thi n 5 ye ars	Hig h	SIP	SP
2021- Ogdensbu rg-003	Repetitive Loss Mitigation	Problem: Frequent flooding events have resulted in damages to residential properties. These properties have been repetitively flooded as documented by	Existing	Flood, Severe Weather	2	NFIP Floodplain Administrat or,	FEMA HMGP and FMA, local cost share	Elimin ates flood damag	\$1 Milli on	3 ye ars	Hig h	SIP	PP



Initiative Number	Mitigation Initiative Name	Description of the Problem and Solution	New or Existing Assets?	Hazard(s) to be Mitigated	Goals Met	Lead and Support Agencies	Potential Funding Sources	Estimated Benefits	Estimated Cost	Timeline	Priority	Mitigation Category	CRS Category
		paid NFIP claims. The Borough has 2 repetitive loss properties but other properties may be impacted by flooding as well. Solution: Conduct outreach to 10 flood-prone property owners, including RL/SRL property owners and provide information on mitigation alternatives. After preferred mitigation measures are identified, collect required property-owner information and develop a FEMA grant application and BCA to obtain funding to implement acquisition/purchase/moving/elevating residential homes in the flood prone areas that experience frequent flooding (high risk areas).				supported by homeowner s	by residents	e to homes and residen ts, creates open space for the munici pality increas ing flood storage					
2021- Ogdensbu rg-004	Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance Update	Problem: The Borough's Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance lacks the state mandated freeboard requirement. Solution: The Borough will update the Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance to include the freeboard requirement.	New	Flood	2	FPA, Administrat ion	Township budget	Meet state standar ds, reduce future flood risk	Staff time	6 m on ths	Hig h	LPR	PR
		Problem:											
Notes:		Solution: Problem: Solution: Solution:											

Notes:

Acronyms and Abbreviations:

CAV Community Assistance Visit
CRS Community Rating System
DPW Department of Public Works

FEMA Federal Emergency Management Agency

FPA Floodplain Administrator HMA Hazard Mitigation Assistance

N/A Not applicable

NFIP National Flood Insurance Program
OEM Office of Emergency Management

Potential FEMA HMA Funding Sources:

FMA Flood Mitigation Assistance Grant Program

HMGP Hazard Mitigation Grant Program

BRIC Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities
Program

Timeline:

The time required for completion of the project upon implementation

Cost:

The estimated cost for implementation.

Benefits:

A description of the estimated benefits, either quantitative and/or qualitative.





Mitigation Category:

- Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.
- Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area. This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct manmade structures to reduce the impact of hazards.
- Natural Systems Protection (NSP) These are actions that minimize damage and losses and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.
- Education and Awareness Programs (EAP) These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them.
 These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities.

CRS Category:

- Preventative Measures (PR) Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.
- Property Protection (PP) These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.
- Public Information (PI) Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.
- Natural Resource Protection (NR) Actions that minimize hazard loss and preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. Actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.
- Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.
- Emergency Services (ES) Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities.





Table 9.17-16. Summary of Evaluation and Action Priorities

Initiative Number	Mitigation Initiative Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost Effectiveness	Technical	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social	Administrative	Multi-Hazard	Timeline	Agency Champion	Other Community	Total	High / Medium / Low
2021- Ogdensburg- 001	Ogdensburg Public School Backup Power	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	12	High
2021- Ogdensburg- 002	Ogdensburg Fire House Backup Power	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	12	High
2021- Ogdensburg- 003	Repetitive Loss Mitigation	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	10	High
2021- Ogdensburg- 004	Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance Update	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	12	High
Natas: Castin	C (Militartian Chartery)																

Notes: Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-4), Medium (5-8), High (9-14).



This action has been identified as being of highest importance to the municipality and an action that the municipality would like to complete as soon as funding is received.



Table 9.17-17. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

Hazard	Prevention	Property Protection	Public Education and Awareness	Natural Resource Protection	Emergency Services	Structural Projects	Climate Resilient	Community Capacity Building
Dam Failure								
Disease Outbreak								
Drought								
Earthquake								
Flood	X	X						
Geologic								
Hazardous Materials								
Hurricane and Tropical Storm					X			
Invasive Species								
Nor'Easter					X			
Severe Weather		X			X			
Severe Winter Weather					X			
Wildfire								

Note: Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) provides for an explanation of the mitigation categories.

high ranked hazard

ORANGE medium ranked hazard

YELLOW low ranked hazard





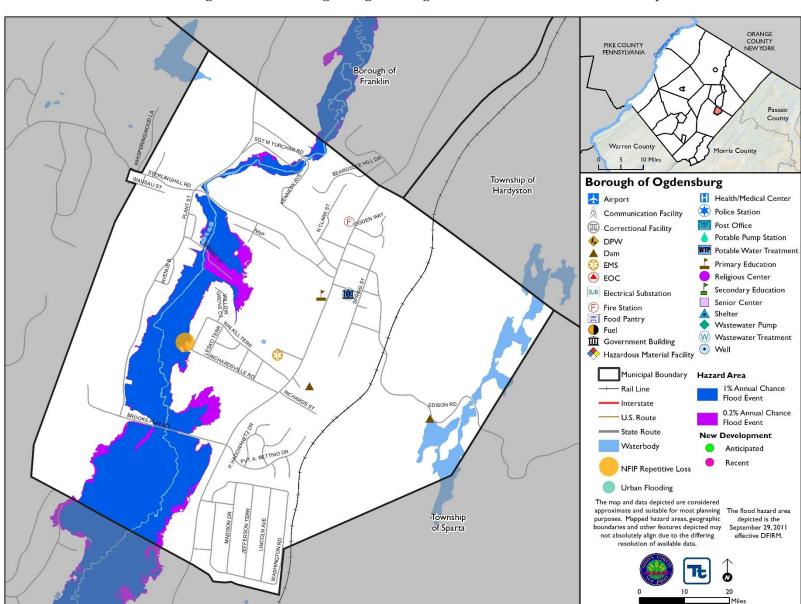


Figure 9.17-1. Borough of Ogdensburg Hazard Area Extent and Location Map 1



Data Sources: NJDO'I' - 2017; NJ Geographic Information Network - 2014; SC GIS - 2020; DRBC - 2005; NJOGIS - 2020; HSRI 2002/2020; PHMA 2011



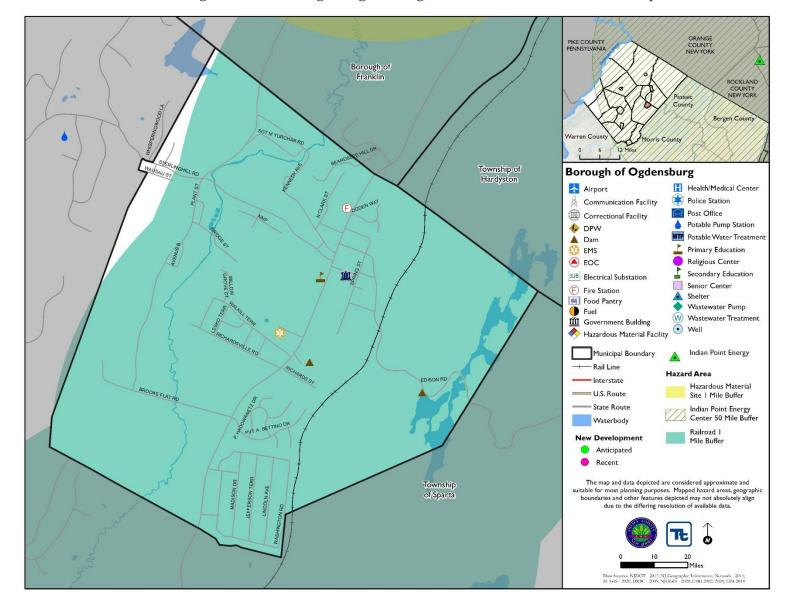
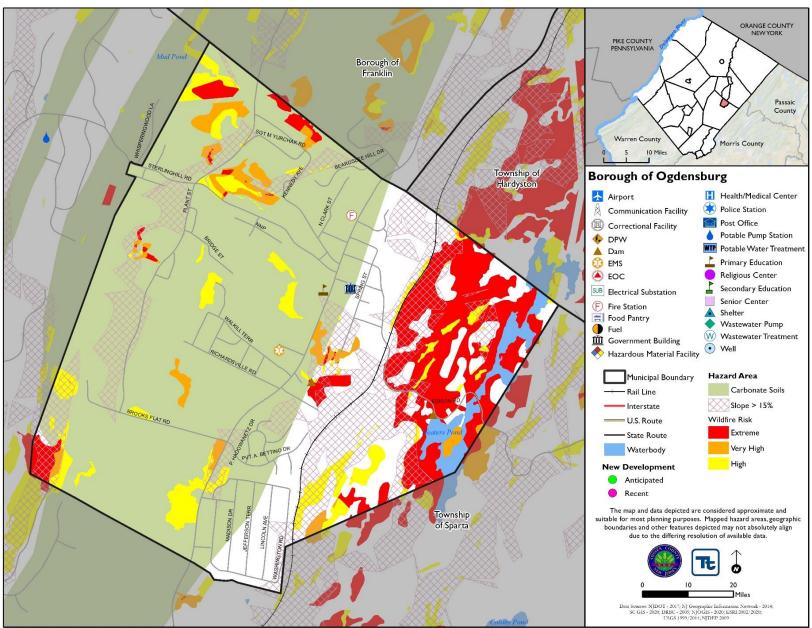


Figure 9.17-2. Borough of Ogdensburg Hazard Area Extent and Location Map 2



Figure 9.17-3 Borough of Ogdensburg Hazard Area Extent and Location Map 3





	Action	Worksh	eet						
Project Name:		Ogdensburg Public School Backup Power							
Project Number:	2021-Ogdensburg-001								
Risk / Vulnerability									
Hazard(s) of Concern:	Severe Weather, Severe Wint	er Weat	her, Hurricane, Nor	'Easter					
mazaru(s) or concern:	D 1				C '4' 1 C '1'4' FM				
Description of the Problem:	Backup power sources are necessary to maintain critical services for critical facilities. The Ogdensburg Public School (100 Main St, Ogdensburg, NJ 07439) requires a backup power source. The school is a K-8 school and would serve as a shelter in place shelter during a sudden hazard event.								
Action or Project Intended		hot size	aanamatan ia naadad	to norr	con the Oedenshung Dublic				
Description of the Solution:	The Engineer will research w School. The Borough will the electrical components to supp	n purcha	ase and install the se	elected	generator and necessary				
Is this project related to a	Critical Facility? Yes	\boxtimes	No 🗌						
Level of Protection:	N/A		ated Benefits es avoided):		Ensures continuity of operations of Ogdensburg Fire House				
Useful Life:	20 years	Goals	Met:		1				
Estimated Cost:	\$50,000	Mitiga	ation Action Type	: :	Structure and Infrastructure Projects (SIP)				
Plan for Implementation									
Prioritization:	High	Desired Timeframe for			Within 5 years				
Estimated Time Required for Project Implementation:	1 year	Implementation: Potential Funding Sources:			FEMA HMGP and BRIC, USDA Community Facilities Grant Program, Emergency Management Performance Grants (EMPG) Program, Municipal Budget				
Responsible Organization:	Engineer, School District, OEM	to be	Planning Mechar Used in mentation if any		Hazard Mitigation, Emergency Management				
Three Alternatives Conside									
	Action	Est	timated Cost		Evaluation				
Alternatives:	No Action Install solar panels)	\$0 \$100,000	amo	Problem continues. Weather dependent; need large amount of space for installation; expensive if repairs needed				
	Install wind turbine				reather dependent; poses a threat to wildlife; expensive repairs if needed				
Progress Report (for plan i	maintenance)								
Date of Status Report:									
Report of Progress:									
Update Evaluation of the Problem and/or Solution:									



Action Worksheet						
Project Name:	Ogdensburg Public School Backup Power					
Project Number:	2021-Ogdensburg-001	2021-Ogdensburg-001				
Criteria	Numeric Rank (-1, 0, 1)	Provide brief rationale for numeric rank when appropriate				
Life Safety	1	Project will protect critical services of Ogdensburg Public School				
Property Protection	1	Project will protect building from power loss.				
Cost-Effectiveness	1					
Technical	1					
Political	1					
Legal	1	The Borough has the legal authority to complete the project.				
Fiscal	0	Project requires funding support.				
Environmental	1					
Social	1					
Administrative	1					
Multi-Hazard	1	Severe Weather, Severe Winter Weather, Hurricane, Nor'Easter				
Timeline	0	Within 5 years				
Agency Champion	1	Engineer, School District, OEM				
Other Community Objectives	1					
Total	12					
Priority (High/Med/Low)	High					



		Action V	Vorks	sheet				
Project Name:	Ogdensburg Fire House Backup Power							
Project Number:	2021-Ogdensburg-00	2021-Ogdensburg-002						
Risk / Vulnerability								
	Severe Weather, Sev	ere Winte	er Wea	ather, Hurricane, Noi	r'Easter			
Hazard(s) of Concern:								
Description of the Problem:	Ogdensburg Fire Depsource.	Backup power sources are necessary to maintain critical services for critical facilities. The Ogdensburg Fire Department (718 Ford St, Ogdensburg, NY 13669) requires a backup power source.						
Action or Project Intended			<u>.</u>			1 0 1 1 7		
Description of the Solution:	The Engineer will research what size generator is needed to power the Ogdensburg Fire House. The Borough will then purchase and install the selected generator and necessary electrical components to supply backup power to the Ogdensburg Fire House.							
Is this project related to a	Critical Facility?	Yes	\boxtimes	No 🗆				
Level of Protection:	N/A			mated Benefits ses avoided):		Ensures continuity of operations of Ogdensburg Fire House		
Useful Life:	20 years		Goal	s Met:		1		
Estimated Cost:	\$50,000		Miti	gation Action Type	e:	Structure and Infrastructure Projects (SIP)		
Plan for Implementation								
Prioritization:	High			red Timeframe for lementation:	r	Within 5 years		
Estimated Time Required for Project Implementation:	1 year		Potential Funding Sources:			FEMA HMGP and BRIC, USDA Community Facilities Grant Program, Emergency Management Performance Grants (EMPG) Program, Assistance to Firefighters Grant Program, Municipal Budget		
Responsible	Engineer, Fire Depar	tment,		l Planning Mechai	nisms	Hazard Mitigation,		
Organization:	OEM			e Used in lementation if any		Emergency Management		
Three Alternatives Conside	ered (including No A	ction)	шр	lementation if any				
	Action		E	stimated Cost		Evaluation		
Alternatives:	No Action \$0 Problem Weather depe Install solar panels \$100,000 amount of space			Problem continues. eather dependent; need large ount of space for installation; expensive if repairs needed				
	Install wind turbi	Weather dependent; poses a thr				ther dependent; poses a threat wildlife; expensive repairs if		
Progress Report (for plan i	naintenance)							
Date of Status Report:								
Report of Progress:								
Update Evaluation of the Problem and/or Solution:								



Action Worksheet						
Project Name:	Ogdensburg Fire House Backup Power					
Project Number:	2021-Ogdensburg-002					
Criteria	Numeric Rank (-1, 0, 1)	Provide brief rationale for numeric rank when appropriate				
Life Safety	1	Project will protect critical services of Ogdensburg Fire House				
Property Protection	1	Project will protect building from power loss.				
Cost-Effectiveness	1					
Technical	1					
Political	1					
Legal	1	The Borough has the legal authority to complete the project.				
Fiscal	0	Project requires funding support.				
Environmental	1					
Social	1					
Administrative	1					
Multi-Hazard	1	Severe Weather, Severe Winter Weather, Hurricane, Nor'Easter				
Timeline	0	Within 5 years				
Agency Champion	1	Engineer, Fire Department, OEM				
Other Community Objectives	1					
Total	12					
Priority (High/Med/Low)	High					



	Action	. Workshe	net .					
Project Name:	Repetitive Loss Mitigation							
·								
Project Number:	2021-Ogdensburg-003							
	Risk / V	Vulnerabi	lity					
Hazard(s) of Concern:	Flood, Severe Weather							
Description of the Problem:	Frequent flooding events have resulted in damages to residential properties. These properties have been repetitively flooded as documented by paid NFIP claims. The Borough has 2 repetitive loss properties but other properties may be impacted by flooding as well.							
	Action or Project Int			h				
Description of the Solution:	measures are identified, c FEMA grant application an acquisition/purchase/mo experience frequent flood	mation on ollect requ nd BCA to o ving/eleva	mitigation alternatives ired property-owner i obtain funding to implo iting residential homes	s. After preferred mitigation nformation and develop a				
Is this project related to a (Lifeline?	Critical Facility or Yes	s 🗆	No 🖂					
Level of Protection:	1% annual chance flood event + freeboard (in accordance with flood ordinance)		ated Benefits es avoided):	Eliminates flood damage to homes and residents, creates open space for the municipality increasing flood storage.				
Useful Life:	Acquisition: Lifetime Elevation: 30 years (residential)	Goals	Met:	2				
Estimated Cost:	\$1Million	Mitiga	ation Action Type:	Structure and Infrastructure Project				
	Plan for I	mplement		Ü				
Prioritization:	High		ed Timeframe for ementation:	6-12 months				
Estimated Time Required for Project Implementation:	Three years		itial Funding	FEMA HMGP and FMA, local cost share by residents				
Responsible Organization:	NFIP Floodplain Administrator, supported by homeowners	Mecha in Im	Planning anisms to be Used plementation if any:	Hazard Mitigation				
	Three Alternatives Con							
	Action		Estimated Cost	Evaluation				
Alternatives:	No Action Elevate homes		\$0 \$500,000	Current problem continues When this area floods, the entire area is impacted; elevating homes would not eliminate the problem and still lead to road closures and impassable roads				
	Elevate roads		\$500,000	Elevated roadways would not protect the homes from flood damages				
	Progress Report	(for plan r	naintenance)					
Date of Status Report:								
Report of Progress:								
Update Evaluation of the Problem and/or Solution:								



Action Worksheet						
Project Name:	Repetitive Loss Mitigation					
Project Number:	2021-Ogdensburg-003					
Criteria	Numeric Rank (-1, 0, 1)	Provide brief rationale for numeric rank when appropriate				
Life Safety	1	Families moved out of high-risk flood areas.				
Property Protection	1	Properties removed from high-risk flood areas.				
Cost-Effectiveness	1	Cost-effective project				
Technical	1	Technically feasible project				
Political	1					
Legal	1	The Borough has the legal authority to conduct the project.				
Fiscal	0	Project will require grant funding.				
Environmental	1					
Social	0	Project would remove families from the flood prone areas of the Borough.				
Administrative	0					
Multi-Hazard	1	Flood, Severe Weather				
Timeline	0					
Agency Champion	1	NFIP Floodplain Administrator, supported by homeowners				
Other Community Objectives	1					
Total	10					
Priority (High/Med/Low)	High					